



# JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

VOLUME 4.

The Daily Gazette,  
published every evening except Sunday,  
by  
HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,  
in LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET,  
TERMS:  
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.  
CHARLES HOLT, HIRAM BOWEN, DANIEL WILCOX.

INSURANCE.  
HARTFORD  
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,  
May 1, 1860.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Two lines close matter, or its equivalent in space, constitute a square.  
1 square 1 day, \$75.  
do 3 " 1 week, 100.  
do 3 " 1 month, 125.  
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# The Daily Gazette.

City of Janesville.

Monday Evening, Decr 24, 1860.

Official Paper of the City.

## The Progress of Disunion.

Undoubtedly there is danger of the separation of five or six of the cotton states from the Union. This danger does not arise so much from the disaffection of those states as the cowardice of the north and weakness of the state.

If the north were at this hour a unit in refusing any further concession to the slave interest, and if the president, who is commander in chief of the army and navy, had the courage and decision of Andrew Jackson, there would be no danger. But the north has in its bosom, leading politicians who would barter their own souls for the almighty dollar, and in the presidential chair sits the impersonation of imbecility, treachery and treason.

This being the actual state of things, the overbearing south is encouraged to acts which would not be thought of if they were met with firmness and decision. The rumor of the surrender of the forts in the harbor of Charleston, and the profound sensation which this supposed event produced in the north, is evidence that the popular feeling among us is intense, though smothered and apparently calm. Our northern people are not as excitable as those of the south, but they feel as deeply on this subject as the southern people, and they will regard the surrender of the United States forts to the rebellious state of South Carolina as an insult to the nation.

Should this event happen, and especially should violence be offered to the soldiers in charge it would not be surprising if there should be an uprising among the masses of the people of the north and northwest, which would astound the fair weather prophets who talk of a peaceful secession. There are signs all around us that the temper of the people begins to rise, as the traitors progress in their schemes. What they would have borne a month ago will not be tolerated a month hence.

The inflammatory course of Mr. Toombs, in his telegraphed appeal to the people of Georgia, has reference to the election of delegates to the Georgia convention, which takes place on the 3rd of January. He has, undoubtedly, put the worst possible face upon the matter he could, in order to defeat the conservative candidates for that convention. Should he succeed, and a majority of such traitors as he is should be elected to that convention there is little hope of delaying the fatal course which he and other ultraists are preparing for the state of Georgia.

Mississippi has elected a disunion convention which is to meet on the 7th of January. What may be the result in Alabama and Florida we shall soon know, as the latter had an election on Saturday, and the former elects the members of her convention to-day. There is scarcely any other hope than that all those states will follow South Carolina. What then? We know of no other course than that the friends of the Union should stand firm, offering to the rebellious states a fulfilment of every constitutional guarantee; when that is done and the offer rejected, to accept the dread alternative without fear of the result.

## SENATOR WADE'S SPEECH.

The speech of "brave old Ben Wade, of Ohio," is the theme of praise on every hand. He preached the full doctrine of republicanism, just as the people in these states want it preached. The Chicago Tribune contains a pretty full synopsis of it, but we prefer to wait for the entire speech, as published in the Washington Globe, when our readers shall have the pleasure of its perusal. The Tribune's correspondent says:

"It was the speech of the session thus far, in matter, tone and manner. It was calm, firm and statesmanlike. It made a profound impression upon the minds of all who heard it, and upon its conclusion Senators flocked around the gallant Ben, and warmly congratulated him. Even the prince of fire eaters, Wigfall of Texas, approached and extended his hand, remarking, 'Senator Wade, I like a manly opponent who is above subterfuge or shuffling, and who meets each question on its naked merits. You, sir, can say bolder and stronger things against slavery than any man in this chamber without giving personal offence.' There was a marked contrast between the bold, statesmanlike speech of Wade, and the timid apologetic harangue of Dixon, of Connecticut. The one will receive the encomiums of all honest-hearted men, and the other their undisguised censure. An anecdote about Wade, told by Fred Douglass, may not be out of place in this connection. The Chicago Tribune contains a pretty full synopsis of it, but we prefer to wait for the entire speech, as published in the Washington Globe, when our readers shall have the pleasure of its perusal. The Tribune's correspondent says:

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MISSISSIPPI FROZEN AT PRAIRIE DU CHIEN.—The ice on the Mississippi at Prairie du Chien is reported sound, and heavy teams are crossing. We wait anxiously to hear from Mr. Wm. and the ice boat.

DANCE AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.—On the night of the 31st, there is to be a dance at the State Lunatic Asylum, in which the inmates are to participate. It will be an interesting spectacle.

A UNION COCKADE.—Union cockades are beginning to be worn in Washington. It has thirty-three stars, and the word UNION on it.

SECESSION OF YOUNG LADIES.—About eighteen young ladies, just seceded from the Seminaries of Pennsylvania and New York, passed through Washington on the 20th inst., on their return south.

BOYS AT NIGHT.—Here is a short paragraph floating around in the papers, containing a hint that some parents in this city might improve without injury to a large number of boys running loose about our streets before as well as after sundown: "The practice of allowing boys to spend their evenings in the street is one of the most ruinous, dangerous things possible.—Nothing so speedily and surely macks their course downwards. They acquire, under the cover of night, an unhealthy state of mind, vulgar and profane language, obscene practices, criminal sentiments, and lawless, riotous bearing. Indeed, it is in the street, after nightfall, that the boys generally acquire the education and capacity for becoming rowdy, dissolute, criminal men."

A MODEST PROPOSAL.—The Richmond Enquirer publishes a long editorial, in which it is proposed that Mr. Buchanan shall hand over the federal forts in Virginia to its authorities. It then demands that the north shall commence negotiations:

"Negotiation should be commenced immediately, and by the northern states. They should invite conference and provide for all the states uniting in consultation. If the northern people really desire the preservation of the Union, let them move in the matter of negotiation; let them say to Mr. Lincoln, remain away from Washington city; you shall not precipitate civil war by presenting yourself to an outraged people; remain at home until the states have restored peace by calm negotiations. And if Mr. Lincoln should then attempt to be inaugurated, let the consequences be on his head and those of his friends who may come to witness the scene."

The Panola (Miss.) Star, of Dec. 13th, suggests to slave owners that they take pains to correct an impression which prevails among the slaves, that they are to be free when Lincoln is President, and urges, if something of the kind is not done soon, there will be trouble among the negroes. This comes of lying about the republican party, and styling its members abolitionists.

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON OFFICIAL.—The official vote of California for President is: Total vote, 119,807. Lincoln 38,721, Douglas 37,984, Breckinridge 33,971, Bell 9,113, scattering 17. Oregon official stands: Total vote 14,761, Lincoln 5,365, Douglas 4,144, Breckinridge 5,067, Bell 192; Lincoln 301.

KANSAS RELIEF FREIGHT.—Three hundred and sixty tons of various kinds of articles for food have gone forward over the Hannibal railroad for the relief of the people of Kansas, up to the 17th inst.

The cattle commissioners in Massachusetts have issued a circular, in which they express the belief that the disease called "pleuro pneumonia" is exterminated.

## Shall We Yield Everything?

Mr. Crittenden's compromise, distinctly declares that slavery shall be protected by the nation, south of 36° 30', and that north of it, states may be admitted, with or without slavery, as the constitution of the state may prescribe.

There is a compromise, exactly after the southern fashion—the north yielding everything, and the south nothing! Compromises are supposed to mean the yielding of both parties in a controversy; but we have looked in vain in the proposition of Mr. Crittenden for any concession to the north.

If we look through the whole history of the concessions and conciliations which have been made since, and at the time of the formation of the constitution, to this hour, and every one of them have been for the benefit of the south.

The same course of policy is again foreshadowed. If we refuse to yield again, that pampered section threatens to dissolve the Union. Nay, one of the states has already declared itself dissolved from all obligations to the national compact. In advance of any demand for a compromise, it traitorously aims a blow at the national constitution. South Carolina, contemptuously refusing to state her grievances, throws down the gauntlet of disunion to other states, and asks no conciliation or compromise. It is probable that two or three other states may take the same course.

This being the case, and the most conservative of southern statesmen can only offer a plan for the settlement of difficulties which involves the yielding of the whole principle of protection of slavery in the territories, what can be expected than that the north should refuse? Nothing, except that the commercial and manufacturing interests in that section may again compel the people to concede all for the sake of the continuance of southern trade.

The next step involves the whole question—if we compromise at all, we yield the whole ground in dispute, and this country, in its length and breadth, becomes avowedly a slaveholding and slave protecting nation. After that there will be no slave section; nor will there be a free section in the United States. It will all be for slavery. Debauch public opinion now with compromises, and slavery will have established itself as the ruling power in the constitution.

Are we ready to take that position? Never! That is our answer; and, from what we know of the people of this State, it is the answer of Wisconsin.

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CALIFORNIA AND OREGON OFFICIAL.—The official vote of California for President is: Total vote, 119,807. Lincoln 38,721, Douglas 37,984, Breckinridge 33,971, Bell 9,113, scattering 17. Oregon official stands: Total vote 14,761, Lincoln 5,365, Douglas 4,144, Breckinridge 5,067, Bell 192; Lincoln 301.

KANSAS RELIEF FREIGHT.—Three hundred and sixty tons of various kinds of articles for food have gone forward over the Hannibal railroad for the relief of the people of Kansas, up to the 17th inst.

The cattle commissioners in Massachusetts have issued a circular, in which they express the belief that the disease called "pleuro pneumonia" is exterminated.

## Christmas Time.

Thanksgiving, and its peculiar feast of good things—blessed remembrances of childhood's day—has come and gone; and some of us have rendered thanks for the blessings enjoyed, numberless and unnoticed. Some, too, have prayed for the future; and petitioned that He who has lead them thus far, will still be a Father watchful and indulgent. Christmas is now upon us. Too few will think of it as the nativity of our Saviour, and enjoy it wholly as a day of pleasure;—even the old custom of rendering it a time for reproof and praise will be overlooked. Who will celebrate it as did the Germans:

"A large yew bough is erected in one of the parlors, lighted with tapers, and hung with manifold gifts, sweetmeats, apples, nuts, playthings, and ornaments. Each of these is marked with the name of the person for whom it is intended, but not with the name of the donor, and when the whole family party is assembled the presents are distributed around the room according to their labels, amid joyful acclamations and congratulations. A more sober scene succeeds, for the mother takes this occasion to say privately to the daughters, and the father to the sons, what has been observed most praiseworthy and what most faulty in their conduct. Formerly, and still in some of the smaller villages of North Germany, the presents made by all the parents were sent to some one person, who, in high buskins, a white robe, a mask, and an enormous flax wig, becoming the bugbear of children, known as Knecht Rupert, goes from house to house, is received by the parents with great pomp and reverence, calls for children, and bestows the intended gifts upon them according to the character which he bears from the parents after severe inquiries."

More than this, who will remember, in his plenitude, the instructions of charity—remember that "inasmuch as ye do it to the least of these, ye do it unto me," and bestow a sack of flour, or a load of fuel upon the poverty stricken, for the sake of Him whose day they celebrate. Christians, on Christmas day think of the poor man, and make one sorry heart light.

PROPOSITION OF H. WINTER DAVIS.—The Tribune Washington correspondent reports that H. Winter Davis made a proposition to the "crisis committee," which was adopted with but two dissenting voices.

"It requests the several state legislatures to revise their several state laws, to see if there are any in conflict with the constitution of the United States, especially that portion having reference to the fugitive slave law, and earnestly requests such states, if they have any, to repeal such laws.

"The proposition is to be sent to each state. The bill accompanying the above proposition, offered by Mr. Davis at the second meeting of the committee, requires marshals to deliver fugitives to the district judge in the district of the state escaped from, and granting a jury trial of indemnity in lieu of personal liberty bills, and to

guard against kidnapping."

If the above means that there shall be a jury trial for the fugitive in the state where he is arrested, and the states left to themselves to protect free citizens from being kidnapped, we should have no objection to it. The states can never, safely, give up the right of protection to their own citizens, and of punishing the crime of kidnapping with their borders.

ST. HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.—The Madison Journal says that since that institution was opened in July last, eighty-three patients have been admitted into the hospital. Of these, seventy-two are still undergoing treatment, three have died, three have been discharged as cured, and two have been sent away, not having been legally brought there.

MISSISSIPPI FROZEN AT PRAIRIE DU CHIEN.—The ice on the Mississippi at Prairie du Chien is reported sound, and heavy teams are crossing. We wait anxiously to hear from Mr. Wm. and the ice boat.

DANCE AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.—On the night of the 31st, there is to be a dance at the State Lunatic Asylum, in which the inmates are to participate. It will be an interesting spectacle.

A UNION COCKADE.—Union cockades are beginning to be worn in Washington. It has thirty-three stars, and the word UNION on it.

SECESSION OF YOUNG LADIES.—About eighteen young ladies, just seceded from the Seminaries of Pennsylvania and New York, passed through Washington on the 20th inst., on their return south.

BOYS AT NIGHT.—Here is a short paragraph floating around in the papers, containing a hint that some parents in this city might improve without injury to a large number of boys running loose about our streets before as well as after sundown: "The practice of allowing boys to spend their evenings in the street is one of the most ruinous, dangerous things possible.—Nothing so speedily and surely macks their course downwards. They acquire, under the cover of night, an unhealthy state of mind, vulgar and profane language, obscene practices, criminal sentiments, and lawless, riotous bearing. Indeed, it is in the street, after nightfall, that the boys generally acquire the education and capacity for becoming rowdy, dissolute, criminal men."

A MODEST PROPOSAL.—The Richmond Enquirer publishes a long editorial, in which it is proposed that Mr. Buchanan shall hand over the federal forts in Virginia to its authorities. It then demands that the north shall commence negotiations:

"Negotiation should be commenced immediately, and by the northern states. They should invite conference and provide for all the states uniting in consultation. If the northern people really desire the preservation of the Union, let them move in the matter of negotiation; let them say to Mr. Lincoln, remain away from Washington city; you shall not precipitate civil war by presenting yourself to an outraged people; remain at home until the states have restored peace by calm negotiations. And if Mr. Lincoln should then attempt to be inaugurated, let the consequences be on his head and those of his friends who may come to witness the scene."

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## Prayer Meeting in a Storm.

[See President Buchanan's last Proclamation.]  
A GALE came from the sea 'on' west;  
'T was November weather,  
And her banks still hold together,  
And thus the howling tempest showed  
No signs of diminution;  
The gale was strong, but we'll trust our ship,  
The staunch old Constitution!

The captain stood on the quarter-deck—

"The seas," he said, "are they better?"

"'T was my watch below in the former Gale—

I don't if we'll weather Hatteras.

He stood silent on the deck, and then—

"I just lay between them both,  
And seem to be going forward."

"Breakers ahead!" cried the watch on the bow,

"Hard up!" was the first mate's order;

"She's going to the port-side

# JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

VOLUME 4.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1860.

NUMBER 244.

The Daily Gazette,  
published every evening except Sunday,  
by  
HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,  
in LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:  
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.  
CHARLES HOLT, HIRAM BOWEN, DANIEL WILCOX.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Two lines close matter, or its equivalent in space, constitute a square.

1 square 1 day. \$ 75  
do 3 " " 25  
do 6 " " 50  
do 12 " " 100  
do 24 " " 200  
do 48 " " 400  
do 96 " " 800  
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## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Pocket Book Lost.

Mr. E. Babcock, of Albion, Dane county, lost a Pocket Book on the sidewalk, this afternoon, between Conrad's and Tallman & Collins' drug store. A liberal reward will be given for its return, together with its contents, to this office.

A Merry Christmas to each of our readers. To enjoy the day ourselves, we shall suspend all labor (paying bank notes and taxes included) during the day, and consequently no paper will be issued until Wednesday afternoon.

FRATERNAL.—A truly fraternal act was witnessed yesterday at the funeral of Miss Evelyn Gilman, at the M. E. church in this city. Miss Gilman was the organist of the Methodist choir, and was greatly beloved by her associates. They were too deeply bereaved to sing on the occasion of her funeral. In view of this state of things the choir of the Congregational church, with the cheerful consent of the pastor, left their own place of worship and furnished the singing for the occasion. This was an appropriate tribute of respect to the deceased, an act of true kindness to the greatly afflicted choir of the Methodist church, and a duly appreciated token of sympathy for the bereaved family. In behalf of the parties mentioned, and of the church and congregation generally, we extend to Mr. Wilson and his associates sincere thanks for their services. We hope the time will be distant when they will need like assistance, but should a similar necessity arise, there will not be wanting similar sympathy.

H. C. T.

A Christmas and New Year's Gift.

A very appropriate testimonial of a Father to his Son, to his Mother, a Husband to his Wife, a Brother to his Sister, or a Clergyman to his Pastor, is one of Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines. This is a Useless Gift. The price of each kind has been reduced.

O. M. NIXON, Agent.

50 Main Street, Janesville.

CHRISTMAS SERVICE.—There will be a divine service to-morrow (Christmas) in Christ church, at a quarter past 10 o'clock in the morning.

SANTA CLAUS.—This celebrated friend and patron saint of all good little girls and boys will, most likely, deposit his gifts in more than one stocking to-night, and there may be some enquiry about his looks and equipage; we, therefore, copy the following description, from the writings of an author who professes to have seen him:

### HURRAH FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

#### Christmas Presents

#### AT PANIC PRICES.

#### NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS

#### AT SECESSION PRICES.

Remember the finest and most appropriate

#### PRESENT

you can make is some article of

#### JEWELRY!

as its being worn about the person, constantly reminds the receiver of the bestower, and as the

#### Holidays are Coming

and the whole world and everybody else will be expecting presents from their friends, it becomes husbands and lovers, maidens and mothers, and all who intend

#### MAKING PRESENTS

to call at the

#### AUCTION STORE

IN MYERS' BLOCK,

next to

McKEY & BRO'S.

and examine the large stock of

#### Fine Gold Jewelry!

consisting of Gold and Silver

#### HUNTING CASE WATCHES,

a great variety of

Chains, Pins and Ear Rings;

also, full sets of the finest and latest styles of

BRANCH CORAL, GOLD ENAMEL'D, TORQUOISE,

GARNET, ITALIAN, GOLD STONE, AMAL-

KALITES, PLAIN GOLD, FLORENTINE,

CAMEO and LAVA, PAINTED,

MINIATURE, &c.

#### ALL STYLES OF

Gold Bracelets and Cuff Pins, Plated and

Fine Gold Watch and Neck Chains,

Plain & Fancy Gold Finger Rings

Florentine and Locket revolving

Pins, Miniature Pins,

Belt Pins, Single

Stone & Cluster

Pins, Plain

and

Fancy Studs & Buttons, Crosses,

Heart Charms, Gold

Spring and Snap Lockets

of all sizes, Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c.

All of which will be sold to the highest bidder

AT AUCTION,

ON FRIDAY, SATURDAY & MONDAY,

December, 21st, 22d and 24th,

Sale to commence every afternoon and every evening at 7 o'clock.

Ladies are requested to call and examine the goods during the day, when they will be offered at cost.

PULKER & NEATE,

J. W. LAWSON, Salesman. Auctioneers.

#### HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Fine Hair Brushes.

Fine Dressing Combs!

Lubric Extracts.

Cologne, French and German

FANCY ARTICLES,

in great variety.

TOILET ARTICLES,

suitable for presents, at

TALMAN & COLLINS,

NEW SPRING CHALLIES just received

April 24th, 1860.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—Offices hours for to-

morrow, (Christmas) 8 to 11 A. M., and

then close for the day.

Mr. E. Babcock, of Albion, Dane county, lost a Pocket Book on the sidewalk, this afternoon, between Conrad's and Tallman & Collins' drug store. A liberal reward will be given for its return, together with its contents, to this office.

BOARDING WANTED.—A young man and his wife desire a boarding place in a private family residing within five minutes' walk of the post office. It is immaterial whether or not the room is furnished—can furnish it themselves. Meals will be required punctually. Apply immediately at this office.

H. J. W.

SINGING CLASS.—Mr. Wilson's rudimentary singing class will meet on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, instead of Monday of this week.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—Offices hours for to-

morrow, (Christmas) 8 to 11 A. M., and

then close for the day.

#### JOB PRINTING!

Recent Large Additions

to our

#### JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT

Have made the Gazette one of the

#### Best Jobbing Offices

in the West, and without any superior in Wisconsin.

With our

#### STEAM POWER AND FAST PRESSES!

we are enabled to execute any order for work with a

#### PROMPTNESS

unequalled in this section of the state and

#### IN STYLE AND NEATNESS

we challenge a comparison with any or all.

We have in our employment a foreman whose good

taste and accuracy is not exceeded any where, or equalled by few.

#### THE PERSONAL ATTENTION

of one of the proprietors is also given to every job done

in the office, and if an error is committed by the office

the job will be reprinted without charge.

We invite the attention of our friends to our

#### Work and our Facilities for Executing It,

in the fullest confidence that they will be

#### ENTIRELY SATISFIED

not only with the manner in which their orders are

filled, but the prices charged.

Holt, Bowen & Wilcox.

#### COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette.

#### BUMP & GRAY.

#### GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, December 24, 1860.

Receipts of wheat were large to-day, there being fully

4000 bushels on the market and prices were firm at an

advance of 10¢ per bushel.

OATS—dull at 14¢ per bushel.

RYE—decreased to 33¢ per bushel per bushel.

COORN—old shelled 30¢ per bushel.

BARLEY—good quality 30¢ per bushel per bushel.

TIMOTHY SEED—in request at 1,600¢ per 48 lbs.

DRESSED HOGS—quiet at 6,25¢ per 100 lbs.

FEED—good to choice 10¢ per bushel.

EGGS—scarce at 12¢ per dozen.

HIDES—Green—14¢; Dry, 18¢.

FLOWER—spring at 2,50¢ per 100 lbs.

POULTRY—dressed turkeys, 65¢; chickens, 6¢.

SHEEP MEATS—range from 25¢ to 10¢ each.

WHEAT—good to choice 15¢ per bushel.

WHEAT BUCKWHEAT—10¢ per bushel.

WHEAT FLOUR—12¢ per bushel.

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# The Daily Gazette.

City of Janesville.

Monday Evening, Dec 24, 1860.

Official Paper of the City.

The Progress of Disunion.

Undoubtedly there is danger of the separation of five or six of the cotton states from the Union. This danger does not arise so much from the disaffection of those states as the cowardice of the north and weakness of the President.

If the north were at this hour in unit refusing any further concession to the slave interest, and if the president, who is commander in chief of the army and navy, had the courage and decision of Andrew Jackson, there would be no danger. But the north has in its bosom, leading politicians who would barter their own souls for the almighty dollar, and in the presidential chair sit the impersonation of imbecility, treachery and treason.

This being the actual state of things, the overbearing south is encouraged to acts which would not be thought of if they were met with firmness and decision. The rumor of the surrender of the forts in the harbor of Charleston, and the profound sensation which this supposed event produced in the north, is evidence that the popular feeling among us is intense, though smothered and apparently calm. Our northern people are not as excitable as those of the south, but they feel as deeply on this subject as the southern people, and they will regard the surrender of the United States forts to the rebellious state of South Carolina as an insult to the nation.

Should this event happen, and especially should violence be offered to the soldiers in charge it would not be surprising if there should be an uprising among the masses of the people of the north and northwest, which would astound the fair weather prophets who talk of a peaceable secession. There are signs all around us that the temper of the people begins to rise, as the traitors progress in their schemes. What they would have borne a month ago will not be tolerated a month hence.

The inflammatory course of Mr. Toombs, in his telegraphed appeal to the people of Georgia, has reference to the election of delegates to the Georgia convention, which takes place on the third of January. He has, undoubtedly, put the worst possible face upon the matter he could, in order to defeat the conservative candidates for that convention. Should he succeed, and a majority of such traitors as he is should be elected to that convention there is little hope of delaying the fatal course which he and other ultraists are preparing for the state of Georgia.

Mississippi has elected a disunion convention which is to meet on the 7th of January. What may be the result in Alabama and Florida we shall soon know, as the latter had an election on Saturday, and the former elects the members of her convention to-day. There is scarcely any other hope than that all those states will follow South Carolina. What then? We know of no other course than that the friends of the Union should stand firm, offering to the rebellious states a fulfilment of every constitutional guarantee; when that is done and the offer rejected, to accept the dread alternative without fear of the result.

## A Northwestern Republic.

We see it predicted in several quarters that the northwestern states will probably form themselves into a free republic, if there is a dissolution of the Union. We don't believe there will be a general dissolution of the Union. South Carolina, and three or four other cotton states, may go out for awhile, or attempt to do so, but the great republic will remain substantially as it is.

So far as we are conversant with the sentiments of our people, they are for the Union, and opposed to all separate confederacies. We want no northwestern confederacy, separating us from the ocean on the east and on the south. What we want, and what we will have, is a free passage to the markets of the world, by the lakes to the seaboard at New York, and by the Mississippi river to the Gulf of Mexico.

We expect that the dangers attendant upon the intercourse of our citizens with those bordering on the southern Mississippi, will pass away as excitement ceases, and the lynchings and outrages which have recently been perpetrated there will give way to a wholesome reaction in favor of peace and harmony.

With this hope and expectation our people wait for the phrenzy of the people of the southwestern states to pass away, giving place to more friendly feelings; but, mark our words, the northwestern states will insist upon a common, safe and well protected highway to the ocean by the Mississippi, if the sword should be necessary to obtain it. In this resolve, we doubt not, nearly the whole people of the Mississippi valley will unite; and the cotton and sugar states, who now talk of setting up for themselves, may as well take this into consideration.

The Panola (Miss.) Star, of Dec. 13th suggests to slave owners that they take pains to correct an impression which prevails among the slaves, that they are to be free when Lincoln is President, and urges, if something of the kind is not done soon, there will be trouble among the negroes. This comes of lying about the republican party, and styling its members abolitionists.

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON OFFICIAL.—The official vote of California for President is: Total vote, 119,807. Lincoln, 33,721; Douglas, 37,984; Breckinridge 33,871; Bell, 9,113, scattering 17. Oregon official stands: Total vote 14,761, Lincoln 5,368, Douglas, 4,144; Breckinridge 5,067; Bell 192; Lincoln's plurality 301.

The cattle commissioners in Massachusetts have issued a circular, in which they express the belief that the disease called "pleuro-pneumonia" is exterminated.

## Shall We Yield Everything?

Mr. Crittenden's compromise, distinctly declares that slavery shall be protected by the nation, south of 36° 30', and that north of it, states may be admitted, with or without slavery, as the constitution of the state may prescribe.

There is a compromise, exactly after the southern fashion—the north yielding everything, and the south nothing! Compromises are supposed to mean the yielding of both parties in a controversy; but we have looked in vain in the proposition of Mr. Crittenden for any concession to the north. If we look through the whole history of the concessions and conciliations which have been made since, and at the time of the formation of the constitution, to this hour, and every one of them have been for the benefit of the south.

The same course of policy is again foreshadowed. If we refuse to yield again, that pampered section threatens to dissolve the Union. Nay, one of the states has already declared itself dissolved from all obligations to the national compact. In advance of any demand for a compromise, it traitorously aims a blow at the national constitution. South Carolina, contemptuously refusing to state her grievances, throws down the gauntlet of disunion to other states, and asks no conciliation or compromise. It is probable that two or three other states may take the same course.

This being the case, and the most conservative of southern statesmen can only offer a plan for the settlement of difficulties which involves the yielding of the whole principle of protection of slavery in the territories, what can be expected than that the north should refuse? Nothing, except that the commercial and manufacturing interests in that section may again compel the people to concede all for the sake of the continuance of southern trade.

The next step involves the whole question—if we compromise at all, we yield the whole ground in dispute, and this country, in its length and breadth, becomes avowedly a slaveholding and slave protecting nation. After that there will be no slave section, nor will there be a free section in the United States. It will all be for slavery. Deprive public opinion now with compromises, and slavery will have established itself as the ruling power in the constitution.

Are we ready to take that position? Never! That is our answer; and from what we know of the people of this State, it is the answer of Wisconsin.

## Senator Wade's Speech.

The speech of "brave old Ben Wade, of Ohio," is the theme of praise on every hand. He preached the full doctrine of republicanism, just as the people in these times want it preached. The Chicago Tribune contains a pretty full synopsis of it, but we prefer to wait for the entire speech, as published in the Washington Globe, when our readers shall have the pleasure of its perusal. The Tribune's correspondent says:

"It was the speech of the session thus far, in matter, tone and manner. It was calm, firm and statesmanlike. It made a profound impression upon the minds of all who heard it, and upon its conclusion Senators flocked around the gallant Ben, and warmly congratulated him. Even the prince of fire eaters, Wigfall of Texas, approached and extended his hand, remarking, "Senator Wade, I like a manly opponent who is above subterfuge or shuffling, and who meets each question on its naked merits. You, sir, can say bolder and stronger things against slavery than any man in this chamber without giving personal offence."

There was a marked contrast between the bold, statesmanlike speech of Wade, and the timid, apologetic harangue of Dixon, of Connecticut. The one will receive the encomiums of all honest-hearted men, and the other their undisguised censure. Douglass, may not be out of place in this connection.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.—The Madison Journal says that since that institution was opened in July last, eighty-three patients have been admitted into the hospital. Of these, seventy-two are still undergoing treatment, three have died, three have been discharged as cured, and two have been sent away, not having been legally brought there.

MISSISSIPPI FROZEN AT PRAIRIE DU CHEN. — The ice on the Mississippi at Prairie du Chien is reported sound, and the other their undisguised censure. Douglass, may not be out of place in this connection.

The one will receive the encomiums of all honest-hearted men, and the other their undisguised censure. Douglass, may not be out of place in this connection.

DANCE AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.—On the night of the 31st, there is to be a dance at the State Lunatic Asylum, in which the inmates are to participate. It will be an interesting spectacle.

A UNION COCKADE.—Union cockades are beginning to be worn in Washington. It has thirty-three stars, and the word Union on it.

SECESSION OF YOUNG LADIES.—About eighteen young ladies, just seceded from the Seminaries of Pennsylvania and New York, passed through Washington on the 20th inst., on their return south.

BOYS AT NIGHT.—Here is a short paragraph floating around in the papers, containing a hint that some parents in this city might improve without injury to a large number of boys running loose about our streets before as well as after sundown:—

"The practice of allowing boys to spend their evenings in the street is one of the most ruinous, dangerous things possible. Nothing so speedily and surely marks their course downwards. They acquire, under the cover of night, an unhealthful state of mind, vulgar and profane language, obscene practices, criminal sentiments, and lawless, riotous bearing. Indeed, it is in the street, after nightfall, that the boys are generally accustomed to the inflammatory, insulting and violent speeches of Wigfall and Iverson, to which he spoke in reply. The respective positions and tempers of the north and south to each other are well reflected by the tone and language of Wade and Wigfall, in their speeches."

A MODEST PROPOSAL.—The Richmond Enquirer publishes a long editorial, in which it is proposed that Mr. Buchanan shall hand over the federal forts in Virginia to its authorities. It then demands that the north shall commence negotiations:

"Negotiation should be commenced immediately, and by the northern states. They should invite conference and provide for all the states uniting in consultation. If the northern people really desire the preservation of the Union, let them move in this matter of negotiation; let them say to Mr. Lincoln, remain away from Washington city; you shall not precipitate civil war by presenting yourself to an outraged people; remain at home until the states have restored peace by calm negotiations. And if Mr. Lincoln should then attempt to be inaugurated, let the consequences be on his head and those of his friends who may come to witness the scene."

NO COMFORT FROM THAT QUARTER.—The English and French press indicate no sympathy with the secessionists. On the contrary, they declare that they cannot stultify the practice of half a century, to conciliate the most inconsiderable portion of the great republic.

KANSAS RELIEF FREIGHT.—Three hundred and sixty tons of various kinds of articles for food have gone forward over the Hannibal railroad for the relief of the people of Kansas, up to the 17th inst.

## THE DAILY GAZETTE.

The cattle commissioners in Massachusetts have issued a circular, in which they express the belief that the disease called "pleuro-pneumonia" is exterminated.

## Christmas Time.

Thanksgiving, and its peculiar feast of good things—blessed remembrances of childhood's day—has come and gone; and some of us have rendered thanks for the blessings enjoyed, numberless and unnoticed, Some, too, have prayed for the future; and petitioned that He who has lead them thus far, will still be a Father watchful and indulgent. Christmas is now upon us. Too few will think of it as the nativity of our Saviour, and enjoy it wholly as a day of pleasure;—even the old custom of rendering it a time for reproof and praise will be overlooked. Who will celebrate it as did the Germans?

"A large yew bough is erected in one of the parlors, lighted with tapers, and hung with manifold gifts, sweetmeats, apples, nuts, playthings, and ornaments. Each of these is marked with the name of the person for whom it is intended, but not with the name of the donor, and when the whole family party is assembled the presents are distributed around the room according to their labels, amid joyful acclamations and congratulations. A more sober scene succeeds, for the mother takes this occasion to say privately to the daughters, and the father to the sons, what has been observed most praiseworthy and what most faulty in their conduct. Formerly, and still in some of the smaller villages of North Germany, the presents made by all the parents were sent to some one person, who, in high buskins, a white robe, a mask, and an enormous flax wig, becoming the bugbear of children, known as *Knacht Rupert*, goes from house to house, is received by the parents with great pomp and reverence, calls for children, and bestows the intended gifts upon them according to the character which he bears from the parents after severe inquiries."

More than this, who will remember, in his plenty, the instructions of charity—remember that "inasmuch as ye do it to the least of these, ye do it unto me," and bestow a sack of flour, or a load of fuel upon the poverty stricken, for the sake of Him whose day they celebrate. Christian, on Christmas day think of the poor man, and make one sorry heart light.

PROPOSITION OF H. WINTER DAVIS.

The Tribune Washington correspondent reports that H. Winter Davis made a proposition to the "crisis committee," which was adopted with but two dissenting voices.

"It requests the several state legislatures to revise their several state laws, to see if there are any in conflict with the constitution of the United States, especially that portion having reference to the fugitive slave law, and earnestly requests that states, if there be any, to repeal such laws."

"The proposition is to be sent to each state. The bill accompanying the above proposition, offered by Mr. Davis at the second meeting of the committee, requires marshals to deliver fugitives to the district judge in the district of the state escaped from, and granting a jury trial of indictment in lieu of personal liberty bills, and to guard against kidnapping."

If the above means that there shall be a jury trial for the fugitive in the state where he is arrested, and the states left to themselves to protect free citizens from being kidnapped, we should have no objection to it. The states can never, safely, give up the right of protection to their own citizens, and of punishing the crime of kidnapping within their borders.

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INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.—LORD LYONS TO GEN. CASS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3, 1860.

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One of the main objects which her majesty had in view in sanctioning the visit of his royal highness was to prove to the president and citizens of the United States the sincerity of those sentiments of esteem and regard which her majesty and all classes of the subjects entertain for the kindred race which occupies the same portion of the social qualities, that our children may not educate the mind at the entire neglect of the heart. May we soon see it again performing its high office under the present efficient corps of teachers.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

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The speech of "brave old Ben Wade, of Ohio," is the theme of praise on every hand. He preached the full doctrine of republicanism, just as the people in these times want it preached. The Chicago Tribune contains a pretty full synopsis of it, as published in the Washington Globe, when our readers shall have the pleasure of its perusal. The Tribune's correspondent says:

"It was the speech of the session thus far, in matter, tone and manner. It was calm, firm and statesmanlike. It made a profound impression upon the minds of all who heard it, and upon its conclusion Senators flocked around the gallant Ben, and warmly congratulated him. Even that prince of fire eaters, Wigfall of Texas, approached and extended his hand, remarking, 'Senator Wade, I like a manly opponent who is above subterfuge or shuffling, and who meets each question on its naked merits. You, sir, can say bold and stronger things against slavery than any man in this chamber without giving personal offence.' There was a marked contrast between the bold, statesmanlike speech of Wade, and the timid apologetic harangue of Dixon, of Connecticut. The one will receive the encomiums of all honest-hearted men, and the other their undisguised censure. An anecdote about Wade, told by Fred. Douglass, may not be out of place in this connection. Not long since Fred. was delivering a lecture against slaveholding in general and fugitive slave catching in particular, and in the course of his remarks he gave the names of several distinguished northern men who refused to personally aid in the capture of fugitives. 'And, there,' says he, 'is the noble patriot and Christian statesman, Senator Wade, of Ohio, who, when asked whether he would personally pursue and catch the querist's fugitive slave, replied to his southern interrogator, "I'd see you d—d and h—ll first!"' Whether the anecdote is founded on fact or fancy, it reflects the inmost sentiments of a great many people, democrats as well as republicans, though they might not express themselves with as much emphasis as the "christian statesman" of Ohio is reported to have done."

BORN AT NIGHT.—Here is a short paragraph floating around in the papers, containing a hint that some parents in this city might improve without injury to a large number of boys running loose about our streets before as well as after sundown:—

"The practice of allowing boys to spend their evenings in the street is one of the most ruinous, dangerous things possible.—Nothing so speedily and surely marks their course downwards. They acquire, under the cover of night, an unhealthy state of mind, vulgar and profane language, obscene practices, criminal sentiments, and lawless, riotous bearing. Indeed, it is in the street, after nightfall, that the boys generally acquire the education and capacity for becoming rowdy, dissolute, criminal men. Parents do you believe this? Will you keep your children at night, and see that their home is pleasant and profitable?"

A MODEST PROPOSAL.—The Richmond Enquirer publishes a long editorial, in which it is proposed that Mr. Buchanan shall hand over the federal forts in Virginia to its authorities. It then demands that the north shall commence negotiations:

"Negotiation should be commenced immediately, and by the northern states.—They should invite conference and provide for all the states uniting in consultation. If the northern people really desire the preservation of the Union, let them move in this matter of negotiation; let them say to Mr. Lincoln, remain away from Washington city; you shall not precipitate civil war by presenting yourself to an outraged people; remain at home until the states have restored peace by calm negotiations. And if Mr. Lincoln should then attempt to be inaugurated, let the consequences be on his head and those of his friends who may come to witness the scene."

NO COMFORT FROM THAT QUARTER.—The English and French press indicate no sympathy with the secessionists. On the contrary, they declare that they cannot stultify the practice of half a century, to conciliate the most inconsiderable portion of the great republic.

KANSAS RELIEF FREIGHT.—Three hundred and sixty tons of various kinds of articles for food have gone for relief of the people of Kansas, up to the 17th inst.

We hope no misappalled sympathy will leave either of them from imprisonment before the expiration of their sentence.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Christmas Time.

Thanksgiving, and its peculiar feast of good things—blessed remembrances of childhood's day—has come and gone; and some of us have rendered thanks for the blessings enjoyed, numberless and unnumbered. Some, too, have prayed for the future; and petitioned that He who has lead them thus far, will still be a Father watchful and indulgent. Christmas is now upon us. Too few will think of it as the nativity of our Saviour, and enjoy it wholly as a day of pleasure;—even the old custom of rendering it a time for reproof and praise will be overlooked. Who will celebrate it as did the Germans:

"A large yew bough is erected in one of the rooms, lighted with tapers, and hung with manifold gifts, sweetmeats, apples, nuts, playthings, and ornaments. Each of these is marked with the name of the person for whom it is intended, but not with the name of the donor, and when the whole family party is assembled the presents are distributed around the room according to their labels, amid joyful acclamations and congratulations. A more sober scene succeeds, for the mother takes this occasion to say privately to the daughters, and the father to the sons, what has been observed most praiseworthy and what most faulty in their conduct. Formerly, and still in some of the smaller villages of North Germany, the presents made by all the parents were sent to some one person, who, in high whiskers, a white robe, a mask, and an enormous flax wig, becoming the bugbear of children, known as *Knecht Ruprecht*, goes from house to house, is received by the parents with great pomp and reverence, calls for children, and bestows the intended gifts upon them according to the character which he bears from the parents after severe inquiries."

More than this, who will remember, in his plenty, the instructions of charity—remember that "inasmuch as ye do it to the least of these, ye do it unto me," and bestow a sack of flour, or a load of fuel upon the poverty stricken, for the sake of Him whose day they celebrate. Christian, on Christmas day think of the poor man, and make one sorry heart light.

PROPOSITION OF H. WINTER DAVIS.—The Tribune Washington correspondent reports that H. Winter Davis made a proposition to the "crisis committee," which was adopted with but two dissenting voices.

"It requested the several state legislatures to review their several state laws, to see if there are any in conflict with the constitution of the United States, especially that portion having reference to the fugitive slave law, and earnestly requests such states, if there be any, to repeal such laws.

"The proposition is to be sent to each state. The bill accompanying the above proposition, offered by Mr. Davis at the second meeting of the committee, requires marshals to deliver fugitives to the district judge in the district of the state escaped from, and granting a jury trial of indemnity in lieu of personal liberty bills, and to guard against kidnapping."

If the above means that there shall be a jury trial for the fugitive in the state where he is arrested, and the states left to themselves to protect free citizens from being kidnapped, we should have no objection to it. The states can never, safely, give up the right of protection to their own citizens, and of punishing the crime of kidnapping within their borders.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.—The Madison Journal says that since that institution was opened in July last, eighty-three patients have been admitted into the hospital. Of these, seventy-two are still undergoing treatment, three have died, three have been discharged as cured, and two have been sent away, not having been legally brought there.

MISSISSIPPI FROZEN AT PRAIRIE DU CHIEN.—The ice on the Mississippi at Prairie du Chien is reported sound, and heavy teams are crossing. We wait anxiously to hear from Mr. Willard and the ice boat.

DANCE AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.—On the night of the 31st, there is to be a dance at the State Lunatic Asylum, in which the inmates are to participate. It will be an interesting spectacle.

A UNION COCKADE.—Union cockades are beginning to be worn in Washington. It has thirty-three stars, and the word UNION.

SECESSION OF YOUNG LADIES.—About eighteen young ladies just seceded from the Seminaries of Pennsylvania and New York, passed through Washington on the 20th inst., on their return south.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3, 1860.

SIR: The Queen, my august sovereign, has commanded that the earliest opportunity after the return of the Prince of Wales to England be taken to convey to the President of the United States the expression of her majesty's thanks, for the cordial reception given to his royal highness, during his late visit to this country, by the social qualities, that our children may not educate the mind at the entire neglect of the heart.

May we soon see it again performing its high office under the present efficient corps of teachers.

THE VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE—LORD LYONS TO GEN. CASS.

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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE—LORD LYONS TO GEN. CASS

**LOCAL DEPARTMENT.****Pocket Book Lost.**

Mr. E. Babcock of Albion, Dane county, lost a Pocket Book on the sidewalk, this afternoon, between Concourse and Tallman & Collins' drug stores. A liberal reward will be given for its return, together with its contents, to this office.

**A Merry Christmas to each of our readers. To enjoy the day ourselves, we shall suspend all labor (paying bank notes and taxes included) during the day, and consequently no paper will be issued until Wednesday afternoon.**

**FRATERNAL.**—A truly fraternal act was witnessed yesterday at the funeral of Miss Evelyn Gilman, at the M. E. church in this city. Miss Gilman was the organist of the Methodist choir, and was greatly beloved by her associates. They were too deeply bereaved to sing on the occasion of her funeral. In view of this state of things, the choir of the Congregational church, with the cheerful consent of the pastor, left their own place of worship and furnished the singing for the occasion. This was an appropriate tribute of respect to the deceased, an act of true kindness to the greatly afflicted choir of the Methodist church, and a duly appreciated token of sympathy for the bereaved family. In behalf of the parties mentioned, and of the church and congregation generally, we extend to Mr. Wilson and his associates sincere thanks for their services. We hope the time will be distant when they will need like assistance, but should a similar necessity arise, there will not be wanting similar sympathy.

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C. MINER, Agent.

dec24dawt

Main street, Janesville.

**CHRISTMAS SERVICE.**—There will be divine service to-morrow (Christmas) in Christ church, at a quarter past 10 o'clock in the morning.

**SANTA CLAUS.**—This celebrated friend and patron saint of all good little girls and boys will, most likely, deposit his gifts in more than one stocking to-night, and there may be some enquiry about his looks and equipage; we, therefore, copy the following description, from the writings of an author who professes to have seen him:

"Before the door of a cottage, on the piled up snow was a sleigh, carved out from an oak of the forest. Couriers were there with stately horns, that resembled the reindeers of Lapland; they pawed the snow with their hoofs and scattered it high in the heavens; icicles hung from their antlers, and their backs were covered with snow flakes; they were fastened to the sleigh with links cut from the icebergs and their saddles were carved out of ebony, inlaid with malachite; their reins were of crystalized moonbeams. The sleigh was filled with presents of all kinds—toys for the children, and candies and books in profusion. Then from out the sleigh there arose a being of jovial appearance. He winked to his steeds and entered the cottage. His face was the face of the moon seen through the mist of October; his eyes were like stars of night; and his mouth was made for feasting and drinking; his hair was white as the snow, and his beard like the hoar-frost; his looks were quizzical, and jolly shone in each feature; he was short in stature, though broad in his girth, while his walk was a roll and a caper; his coat was the skin of the polar bear, and hung around his body; alack, ere the morning, it would be black with the soot of the chimneys; leather breeches adorned his limbs, and fitted his person exactly; moccasins covered his feet, and he bore in one hand a three-cornered hat, in the other a flagon of home-brewed.

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**PLATE UNDER THE CODE.**—A novel plea was entered in the circuit court Saturday, which was probably in accordance with the new code; certainly, we never heard of a similar one under the old forms. An individual who had more whiskey in him than was strictly conformable with sobriety, had been arrested for making a disturbance in the court room, and was duly arraigned for the offence. The complainant, drawn with legal precision, was read to him and in response to the inquiry what he had to say to it, replied to it with more emphasis than politeness, "it is a d—d lie." The same individual had obtained a process from a justice of the peace for the arrest of the sheriff on a charge of assault and battery for ejecting him from the court room, and sheriff declining to accept the invitation to appear and answer, an attachment was issued against him. This was considered rather "steep," and the complainant was informed that if he would stop proceedings and pay costs so far as they had accrued, no further notice of it would be taken. To this proposition, another equally explicit answer was returned—"I'll be d—d if I do." The man was considered incorrigible, and was safely deposited in the county jail to await a better disposition to listen to reason.

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AT

**PANIC PRICES.****NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS**

AT

**SECESSION PRICES.****Remember the finest and most appropriate****PRESENT**

you can make is some article of

**JEWELRY!****you can make is some article of****AUCTION STORE****IN MYERS' BLOCK,**

next to

**McKey & Bro's.****and examine the large stock of****Fine Gold Jewelry!****consisting of Gold and Silver****HUNTING CASE WATCHES,**

a great variety of

**Chains, Pins and Ear Rings!****also, full sets of the finest and latest styles of****BRANCH CORAL, GOLD ENAMEL'D, TORQUOISE,****GARNET, ETRUSCAN, GOLD STONE, AMAL-****KALUTER, PLAIN GOLD, FLORENTINE,****CAMEO AND LAVA, PAINTED,****MINIATURE, &c.****ALL STYLES OF****Gold Bracelets and Cuff Pins, Plated and****Fine Gold Watch and Neck Chains,****Plain & Fancy Gold Finger Rings,****Florentine and Locked revolving****Pins, Miniature Pins,****Belt Pins, Single****Stone & Cluster****Pins, Plain****and****Fancy Studs****& Buttons, Crosses,****Heart Charms, Gold****Spring and Snap Lockets****of all sizes, Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c.****ALL of which will be sold to the highest bidder****AT AUCTION,****FRIDAY, SATURDAY & MONDAY,****December, 21st, 22d and 24th.****SALE TO COMMENCE EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK.****Ladies are requested to call and examine the goods during the day, when they will be offered at cost.****PULKER & NEATE,****J. W. LAWSON, Salesman, Auctioneers.****HOLIDAY PRESENTS!****Fine Hair Brushes.****Fine Dressing Combs!****Lubin's Extracts,****of all kinds.****Cologne, French and German.****FANCY ARTICLES,****In great variety.****TOILET ARTICLES,****suitable for presents, at****TALLMAN & COLLINS.****NEW SPRING CHALLIES just received****dec24dawt****TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—Office hours for to-****morrow, (Christmas) 8 to 11 A. M., and****then close for the day.****H. J. W.****SINGING CLASS.—Mr. Wilson's rudimental****singing class will meet on Wednesday****evening at 7 o'clock, instead of Monday of****this week.****TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—Office hours for to-****morrow, (Christmas) 8 to 11 A. M., and****then close for the day.****H. J. W.****BOARDING WANLED.—A young man and****his wife desire a boarding place in a pri-****ate family residing within five minutes'****walk of the post office. It is immaterial****whether or not the room is furnished—can****furnish it themselves. Meals will be re-****quired punctually. Apply immediately at****this office.**

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We invite the attention of our friends to our

Work and our Facilities for Manufacturing It,

in the fullest confidence that they will be

ENTIRELY SATISFIED

not only with the manner in which their orders are

filled, but the price charged.

Holt, Bowen & Wilcox.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette,  
BY JUMP & GRAY,  
GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, December 24, 1860.

Receipts of wheat were large to-day, there being fully  
4000 bushels of the market and prices were firm at an  
advance of 10c per bushel on all grades. Sales at 77@78c for  
million spring, 74@75c for shipping, closing quiet.

The advance was owing to favorable advices from the  
lake shore and eastern markets. Dressed hogs were quiet  
at about 20c decline on Saturday's quotations; sales of  
80 head at 5.50@5.60 per head and 4.00@4.00 for light.  
Other stuff unchanged.

We make up prices as follows:

SWINE—good to choice malling spring 76@77c; fair  
to good dry shipping 74@75c; damp and grown 66@70c.

OATS—dull 14c@15c per bushel.

RYE—declined to 88@89c per bushel.

CORN—old shelled 30@32c per 50 lbs. New in ear  
18@19 per 70 lbs.

BARLEY—good quality 30@35c per 50 lbs, common  
20@22c.

TIMOTHY SEED—requested at 1.60@1.70 per 40 lbs.

CRESCENT—quiet at 5.65@5.70 per 40 lbs.

WHEAT—good to choice 1.60c@1.70 per 40 lbs.

POTATOES—quiet at 15@16c for good to choice ones.

BUTTER—wanted at 15@17c good to choice quality.

Eggs—scarce at 12@13c per dozen.

HIDES—Oven, 44@45c; Dry, 51c, 52c.

FLOUR—spring at 2.50, per 100 lbs.

POULTRY—dressed turkeys, 6@7c; chickens, 5c

SHEEP PELTS—range from 20@21c each.

HURRAH FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

Christmas Presents

AT

PANIC PRICES.

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS

AT

SECESSION PRICES.

Remember the finest and most appropriate

PRESENT

you can make is some article of

JEWELRY!

as it's being worn about the person, constantly reminds the receiver of the bestower, and as the

Holidays are Coming

and the whole world and everybody else will be expecting presents from their friends, it becomes husbands and lovers, maidens and mothers, and all who intend

MAKING PRESENTS

to call at the

AUCTION STORE

IN MYERS' BLOCK,

near to

McKey & Bro's,

and examine the large stock of

Fine Gold Jewelry!

consisting of Gold and Silver

HUNTING CASE WATCHES,

a great variety of

Chains, Pins and Ear Rings;

also, full sets of the finest and latest styles of

BRANCH CORAL, GOLD ENAMEL'D, TORQUISE,

GARNET, ETRUSCAN, GOLD STONE, AMAL-

KALITES, FLAIN GOLD, FLORENTINE,

CAMEO AND LAVA, PAINTED,

MINIATURE, &c.

ALL STYLES OF

Gold Bracelets and Cuff Pins, Plated and

Fine Gold Watch and Neck Chains,

Plain & Fancy Gold Finger Rings

Florentine and Locket revolving

Pins, Miniature Pins,

Bell Pins, Single

Stone & Cluster

Pins, Plain

and

Fancy Studs.

d. Buttons, Cross-

es, Heart Charms, Gold

Spring and Snaps Lockets

of all sizes, Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c.

All of which will be sold to the highest bidder

AT AUCTION,

ON FRIDAY, SATURDAY & SUNDAY,

December, 21st, 22d and 23d,

at 10 o'clock A. M. and every half hour

from 7 o'clock.

Ladies are requested to call and examine the goods during the day, when they will be offered at cost.

PULKER & NEALE.

A. W. LAWSON, Auctioneer.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Fine Hair Brushes.

Fine Dressing Combs!

Lubin's Extracts.

of all kinds.

Cologne, French and German.

FANCY ARTICLES,

In great variety.

TOILET ARTICLES.

suitable for presents, at

TALMAM & COLLINS.

NEW SPRING CHALLIES just received

spec'ddaw

W. G. WHEELOCK'S.

CONSTANTLY ON hand, the best Diamonds

Oysters by the sea, down town or country, the lowest

market price.

W. G. WHEELOCK'S.

Opposite the Hyatt House.

Janesville, Oct. 24th, 1860.

MITCHELL'S

ANTIQUES.

